



APRIL 2014 NEWSLETTER

April meeting – Tuesday April 1, 2014
BJ's Restaurant – Hamilton

“If you go fishing often enough, pretty soon the really respectable people will start to avoid you”

Paul Quinnett – Fishing Lessons

OK, no excuses, it's April – Bugs are hatching, fish are looking up – it's time to **get out on the river!!** Dig out those leaky waders and put a patch on em'. Clean your fly lines and go down to your local fly shop and stock up on flies – they have been waiting for you all winter. While you're at it take a look at the Outing Schedule on the Club web site and put one or two of them on your calendar this year. Make 2014 your best fishing and catching year ever!! - Ed

Presidents Message

I think spring has arrived. The past couple of weeks have seen a lot of boats on the Bitterroot. I understand some have had good fishing and we should hear more about the catch at our April meeting .

There are some great club outings planned for this spring and summer: the early April trip to the Missouri , Georgetown in July, and Quake Lake in August as well as others. So try and arrange to join us. For more information about club outings contact Mike Taylor (terrialaska@hotmail.com) or me (sduff1@aol.com). Also keep in mind the club picnic in August.

The May Clinic for beginner and intermediate fly fishers is just around the corner. It will have a great staff consisting of some very qualified anglers, guides and scientists. The sign up form is available at Jeff Gray's (FreeStone Fly Shop) and Chuck Stranahan's shop. You can also contact Greg Chester (gchester55@aol.com) or me directly.

Wednesday evening fly tying at the Brewery continues through April, so join us if not to tie but just to join the conversation and relax with a brew.

Finally, I want to thank all of you who have participated in the Bitterroot Buggers program. Without your help, this program for upcoming anglers would be much less the success it has proven to be.

Tight Lines

Doug

The Program

Our April presentation features Eddie Olwell and Clint Frank describing the exceptional fishing and rafting opportunities the middle fork of the Salmon river has to offer. The middle fork is regarded as the top alpine wilderness river trip in the lower 48 combining exciting whitewater, incredible dry fly fishing, soothing hot springs, beautiful canyons and world class camping.

Clint Frank, lead guide and owner of Middle Fork River Tours, has guided for over 20 years in Idaho and 16 on the middle fork. His background includes a BS in forestry from the University of Montana 97' along with professional experience as a career fire fighter , ski patrolmen, and fly fishing guide. He has a true passion for rivers and is always excited to share this spectacular river.

Eddie Olwell has been fishing most of his life and began fly-fishing at the age of 13 honing his skills on the storied waters of the Catskill Mountains. The quest for trout on the fly has taken him across North America, to New Zealand, and the Patagonia region of Chile. Eddie has fished the waters of western Montana since 1977 and began guiding on them in 1999.

Eddie has a great passion for rivers and a strong conviction for preserving these cherished resources. He spends much of his free time volunteering with local conservation groups to preserve natural resources and our hunting and fishing heritage. He is an active life member of Trout Unlimited and served two years as president of the Bitterroot chapter. Eddie is a certified Wilderness EMT and spends his winters working as an instructor for the Aerie School for Backcountry Medicine, and on the ski patrol at Lost Trail Powder Mountain. His home is in Stevensville in the heart of Montana's Bitterroot Valley.

At this point the “Worm” needs no introduction – it seems he has managed to corrupt one of our most distinguished members.....

My Arm Hurts

By: The San Juan Worm*

I have a fishing partner. His name is Cliff (That's his real name.)

Normally, Cliff is a generous, thoughtful kind of guy. The kind you want as a fishing partner. Little did I know the depths of fiendish vindictiveness he harbored in his heart.

Now, we raft mostly. That means we select our third raft mate after consultation. Sometimes we select for political purposes (President of our local TU chapter) or someone new in our Club, the Algerian Knights of the Woolly Bugger (That's not it's real name.) or because we feel sorry for some guy with bad knees who can't wade anymore or someone showing signs of losing the domestic wars. And we trade off the rowing chores and are mostly kind to our rotating raft mates. We've gotten so good with our veiling of barbs that most victims don't even know when they're impaled.

We've been doing this for the majority of our years as freed (retired) souls. So I know his habits and fishing skills and Cliff knows mine. But, as I said, Cliff is a thoughtful guy (so I thought). So he doesn't say unkind things to me when I catch more or the biggest trout, which, truth be told (as it always is here), invariably happens. We'll go to the source of legends, the Missouri River below Holter Dam, and I'll hook monster trout and poor Cliff will demonstrate his endless patience untying kinks, wind knots and snarls. We'll float our home water course, the Bitterroot River. I'll row most of the day (with bad knees in the front seat) and Cliff will get skunked. But in the last half mile, Cliff will insist he row so I can fish "just a little." Ten fish in the first hole. This pattern does not go unnoticed. But, if you've been paying attention, I said Cliff was a thoughtful guy. I didn't say I was. There is a special place being reserved for me in Hell (no trout waters). I delight in skewering poor Cliff at every opportunity and, boy, does he give me opportunity! It carries over to our Club's newsletter (which I, naturally, write) and Club meetings (over which Cliff, naturally, presides). But justice does have a way of finding a way.

We invited a speaker to our Club's monthly meeting. She is taker of beautiful underwater photos of trout in their natural habitat. She spends countless hours (more patience than even Cliff) waiting for just the right light, water conditions, trout activity, etc. etc. But the results truly spellbound our members. (Well, most of them are spelling challenged anyway.) Cliff and I decided we had to take Laurie (her real name) fishing. We came to this conclusion after she asked us three times. Seems Laurie is married to a really swell guy who absolutely does not fish. It took us a while to digest that oxymoron. But she was eager and Cliff had paid a princely sum for one of her Rembrandt's. Laurie,

in turn, kindly contributed a wonderful shot of a swirling cutthroat for our Club's raffle, which I naturally won. So, we'll chalk this trip up to the political sort.

The day came. Cliff insisted on taking his raft. He's got one of those skinny rafts, probably because he's not. I've got a much more commodious raft, probably because I'm not. Per the drill, we put Laurie in the front seat, the catbird seat. It's amazing how innocent decisions can haunt you for months. Cliff started at the oars. This is a standard ploy, row early and get your debt done before the fishing picks up in the afternoon. We let each other get away with it. The guy who brung the raft rows first and gets the primo fishing later while you watch from the driver's seat. This was his turn.

Laurie had her own gear and it was quite respectable. But Cliff and I had both seen the divas of Eddie Bauer come outfitted to the "T's" only to have to tie their flies on for them. Not Laurie. She looked the part and, when she began her first cast, she looked the part. She laid out line like a chef mixing just the right proportions of herbs in an osso buco and ... Oh, Hell, she was a great caster, 'Nuf said. I knew trouble was brewing when Cliff had netted three fish for Laurie before I had decided which fly to tie on. It never got better. The front seat vacuumed trout before I could get a drift over them. She had a 22" rainbow in the second hole. And they kept falling for Laurie. And I, well, I had "one of those days."

Then the comments from the tickled driver started. And never stopped. "Oh, Rich," Cliff would mimic Laurie's voice, "my arm hurts so. How are you doing?" "Oh, Rich, I've got another one. How are you doing?" "Oh, Rich, have you got the net? No? Oh. I still have it from the last trout." To add shame to my growing humiliation, Laurie (the real Laurie in the front seat) constantly offered to trade seats so I could first crack at the willing monsters she was hooking regularly. That's not what I wanted. I wanted to row, desperately. I wanted Cliff to watch his self esteem vanish in a haze of Laurie caught trout while I was safely behind the oars. But do you think my buddy, my trusted companion of countless rafting hours, would relent and put himself at risk? No, he was in the best mood I've ever seen him in. (Well, there was that day when he let us know he had gotten lucky the night before, but that's revealing more than I ever would have except for his boorish behavior on our Laurie float.) Cliff insisted on rowing and netting Laurie's fish to a nonstop soliloquoy of Laurie's fishing prowess and my frustration. He still claims it was the best day he ever had on the River and he never wet a line. What kind of friend is that?

So, Laurie calls from time to time, wanting to reprise her glory day. The problem is that Cliff and I are deadlocked over whose raft we'll take Laurie in the next time. And I have spoken to Cliff's wife about his newly revealed vindictive streak. She nodded, knowingly.

- San Juan Worm is an obvious *nom de plume*. But if you were born as Bead Eye Peacock Hurl, wouldn't you use an alias?

"Trout do not rise in the cemetery, so you better do your fishing while you are still able to"

Sparse Grey Hackle in Sports Illustrated

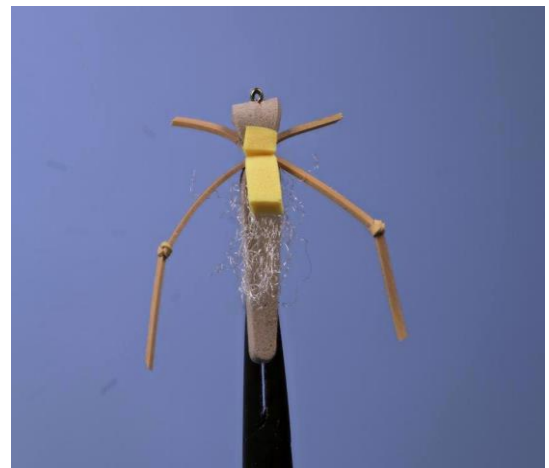
FLY OF THE MONTH

THE CHAOS HOPPER

By your Editor

If you took careful inventory of your fly boxes significant real estate would be occupied by hoppers. Hopper patterns are a dime a dozen – but **really effective hopper patterns** are harder to come by. The standard hopper imitation just lays there looking very dead –until you twitch it and the water explodes with the take of a hungry trout. So what are trout looking for? In my experience movement is one characteristic that distinguishes a live insect from your very dead imitation: and not just an occasional twitch but regular, subtle movement. The Chaos Hopper comes as close to behaving like a real hopper as any pattern I have fished. And, in the bargain, it's quick and easy to tie.

The pattern was developed by Craig Matthews of Blue Ribbon Flies in West Yellowstone. It's easy to cast, always lands upright and floats low in the film, like a real hopper. The slightest puff of wind or variation in current moves the legs and drives Mr.Trout crazy. Video instructions here:
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o6CNQ_O74DM



Recipe

Thread – Tan UTC 140 denier
Hook – TMC 200R Size 10
Body – Cinnamon or Tan 2mm foam
Legs – Cinnamon or Yellow square cut legs (strip TWO legs at a time and knot them together for a thicker sturdier leg)
Wing – Tan Zelon – $\frac{3}{4}$ body length



Indicator – Goldenrod or Yellow 2mm foam slightly narrower than body width.

You can cut your own bodies or buy them from Blue Ribbon. Start the fly by winding on a thread base on the front ½ of the hook. Push the hook point through the top of the foam body then punch a hole in the foam just ahead of the hook eye and pull the foam over the eye. Anchor the foam with several wraps of thread. Then tie in legs, wing and indicator. Roll the finished fly over and apply a dab of super glue to the hook shank where it exits the foam body.

The following article is reprinted from Montana Fly Fish

ing Magazine and was authored by our Club member Bob Prince. If you need evidence that Bob's streamer techniques catch BIG FISH just go to his web site and view the photos. <http://www.bumtrout.com>

Streamer Fishing.

It's all the rage these days. Walk into any reputable fly shop and you are likely to find dozens of crazy concoctions of fur, feathers, eyeballs, rubberlegs, and god knows what else. There are no shortage of patterns out there to try and attempt to tie. Unfortunately tying more than a few of these patterns require nothing less than the entire Feathercraft material catalog and a P.Hd in rocket science.

Fishing streamers is an awesome way to chase trout and if you've never done it it's sure worth a try. There's nothing quite like it when a big brown slams your fly. It's true, (most days at least) if you want to catch bigger trout you should be fishing streamers.

I am in no way shape or form a master streamer fisherman. However, after many years of working at this technique, here are some of the few things I've learned:

1. Switch up Your Retrieve: I've found more often than not, it's not the fly you are using but how you are fishing it that matters. A lot of guys are content to as I call it "grip it and rip it," for hours and hours. By grip it and rip it, I'm talking about slamming that fly into the bank and stripping it back to you roughly perpendicular to the current. The timing of the strips is steady like a metronome, strip, strip, strip, etc... While this may be the most effective approach at certain times, often there are more effective ways to fish your fly. The following are a few retrieve methods that I like to use.

- **The Jig:** What's the most effective lure ever created? That answer is easy - the jig. The bouncing, jumping, diving action of a jig is hard to beat. Jigs imitate all sorts of wounded and/or dying creatures, easy targets for predators. Most of the streamers I like have heavy cone head or dumbbell eyes so I can jig the fly. To accomplish this retrieve channel your inner bass fisherman. Twitch the rod upward and then drop it, take up the slack each time with a strip or two. Jigging, at times, can be deadly.

- **The Strip, Strip and Pause:** This is somewhat similar to the jig but imparts a little more swimming action to the fly. This may be my go to retrieve. I love a strip, strip, pause cadence, keeping my strips short and fast. This gives the fly a darting action similar to how a sculpin swims. With this retrieve a lot of fish will chase the fly on the strips and then on the pause, pounce on the fly when it is dropping in the water column.

- **The Swing, Dangle and Drop:** Not often my first choice but at certain times, particularly in colder water temps, this technique can be very effective. This is also a good choice for fishing the fast/slow current seams that you find in freestone streams. This is basically the traditional down and across wet fly swing approach. When your fly gets to the end of the swing let it hang downstream for a few seconds. Often a fish will slam it when it is "dangling" downstream. I also like to lift the fly and then drop it when it is dangling. Sometimes that extra little bit of action does the trick to induce a strike.

- **The Fluff:** An especially effective technique for fishing from a boat and this method can be deadly during high water conditions. For this technique I use a floating line and a roughly 9ft. long leader. This setup allows me to mend my line and impart a lot of action on the fly without stripping. The reason for this lies in the fact that in high water most fish are pushed tight to the bank to escape the fast current in the main river channel. By casting your fly tight to the bank and then initiating a series of downstream mends you can impart a great jigging action while keeping the fly on the bank where the fish are. When doing this correctly, during the mend you should be able to see the fly for a second and then it will drop out of view. This technique is also extremely effective for fishing streamers under and around structure such as trees, logs, and rocks.

-**The High Stick Lead:** a great technique for fishing pocket water, small streams, or in places with lots of structure (logs, rocks, etc.). Think of this almost as Czech nymphing with streamers. By keeping a high rod tip you can "lead" your flies through tight boulder filled slots or channels between the weeds in spring creeks. You can jig and twitch the fly as you lead it through a run. One warning about tight line streamer fishing, since you have a tight connection to your

fly you may miss a few fish. Try to resist the urge to yank up when that big brown eats the fly. Often the fish will hook itself if you can keep your cool and give him a second to eat it.

-The Jerk Strip: Perfected by streamer guru Kelly Galloup. Characterized by a 6-8 inch sideways jerk of the rod tip and an immediate strip of the same amount of line while bringing the rod tip back to the starting point. Imparts an up and down s-curve motion to the fly. Very effective in softer, slower water.

2. What Flies Work Best? aka Does your fly swim?: No silver bullets here. There are thousands of patterns out there and I'm sure they all work. I will give you a few of my favorites in a bit but first, what makes a good streamer? I believe every effective streamer pattern ever tied contains all of these important elements.

- Materials and construction that let your flies move and breath in the water: A fly may look great dry but what does it look like when wet? What does the fly look like when stripped? What does it look like on the drop? I love patterns that slim down when being stripped and then fluff up and "breathe" when paused. Doug McKnight's Home Invader is a great example of a fly that does just that.

- A realistic profile: Again, what does it look like when wet. Does it look like a sculpin, a baitfish, an old sock?

- Flash: I'm a believer in flash and most flies that I have had success with contain at least a few strands of crystal flash.

- Weight: I believe streamers should be weighted enough to allow the fly to jig and dive. Medium sized lead dumbbell eyes usually do the trick. A modest amount of weight allows me to fish a fly with a floating line, a sink tip, or full sinking line as conditions dictate.

Okay so here are some of my go to streamers.

Karnopp's Space Invader - size 6.

McKnight's Home Invader - size 6.

Urchin Buggers - sizes 8-4.

The Kreelex - size 6.

Double Bunnies - sizes 4-6.

Skiddish Smolt - size 4.

Sheila Sculpin - size 6.

Garrett's Bellydancer - size 4-6.

Sculpzilla - size 4.

Kelly Galloup articulated stuff.

Cheech's leech - articulated.

3. Color matters more than pattern: A lot of folks are always searching for the killer fly. While some patterns certainly are more effective than others (see above) I think it's most important to have a few patterns that you have confidence in and have them in multiple colors rather than say, having twenty different sculpin patterns that are all olive. On any given day or for that matter hour, color can make or break you. If I had a dollar for every time I switched colors and immediately hooked up I would be a man of modest income.

3. The big fly doesn't always catch the big fish: This has to do a lot with the water you fish. Knowing what kinds of forage fish live in your water goes a long way towards improving your streamer success. It is my experience that many times a size 6 streamer will outperform a six inch long articulated pattern. Why? The benefit of the smaller fly is that when a fish decides to move to the fly, it will almost always tend to eat it, not just swipe at it or smack it broadside, but eat it. If you are only fowl hooking fish with larger flies and/or getting grabs but no hook ups, try switching to a smaller fly. On a piece of water I like to occasionally fish that holds many browns over 20 inches, I rarely fish a fly bigger than a size 6 and I am rarely disappointed by the results.

4. It's good to be Impatient: Experience will teach you more than anything as long as you take the time to learn from the past. If I know where a fish lives and I don't catch him on my first or second cast I do one of several things.

1. Change my retrieve.
2. Change colors.
3. Change the size of the fly. I rarely will go more than 15 minutes without changing if I'm not getting good responses to my fly.

5. To Sink or Not to Sink?: Sink tips, full sinking lines, weighted vs. unweighted flies, there are too many options to choose from. What works best and when can be the subject of much debate. What setup I choose to use is largely determined by the conditions and whether I am wade fishing or in a boat. The majority of my streamer fishing is done with a floating line. My second most used setup is a 5ft. fast sinking or extra fast sinking polyleader. I prefer the Airflo Polyleaders (see A Bum Gear Review - Airflo Polyleaders) but companies like Rio are making very similar products.

I tie on the end of the polyleader an 18inch section of 1 or 2x tippet and have at it. I have a 300 grain sinking line but honestly I find very few reasons to use it.

6. How the fish sees the fly is important:

Have you ever seen a bait-fish flee upstream? Me neither. Given the choice, spooked and scared fish will almost always run downstream. The reason for this is simple, current. A fish can swim faster downstream than up due to it using the current to aid in it's escape. For this reason I like to fish my streamers running downstream or perpendicular to the current. I have a lot of success retrieving my flies at a 90 degree angle to the current. This presents the fly broadside to a fish holding with his head facing upstream. Don't hesitate however to fish your flies directly downstream back to you. This method, at times can be deadly.

7. Think like a hunter: Many times you are not looking for a "bunch of fish." Instead you are looking for one or two big ones. I've had days where I've gotten that "bunch of fish" fishing streamers and I've had a handful where those "bunch of fish" are big ones. When you have a day like that simply enjoy it. If you want to be a successful streamer fisherman however, it pays to think like a big game hunter. Ask yourself: Where is that trophy going to be holding? How do we get into position without spooking it? How do we make that one shot count? More often than not your first cast through a run is the one that produces so it pays to make it count. Plan your shots, be stealthy, take a few moments to analyze the situation, (structure, current, casting technique) and you will catch more and bigger fish. That I can guarantee.

8. Final thoughts: If there's a way to summarize what I've learned it would be this. Avoid becoming a creature of habit. What color, size, and retrieve that worked last year, yesterday, or even an hour ago may not get you into fish. Don't get locked into only fishing one fly one way, be willing to experiment, take risks, and do different things. Don't make streamers your back up plan, make it "the" plan once in a while. Instead of nymphing all day try throwing streamers. That first two foot long brown you land will make it all worth it.

If you are just getting into fishing streamers or are interested. Remember you don't need a hundred different patterns. Pick 5 or 6 and have them in multiple colors. Double bunnies and wooly buggers are always a good start and are simple and cheap enough to tie in a bunch of sizes and colors.

“Many men go fishing all of their lives without knowing that it is not fish they are after”

Henry David Thoreau - Author and Tax Resister

Galloup's Pearl Necklace



The Editors Drift – Things I've learned and ideas I've stolen from my fishing partners....

An Easy to Adjust Yarn Indicator

In the March newsletter I promised another strike indicator system suitable for low water and/or spring creeks. This system is the invention of Pat Dorsey of The Blue Quill Angler Fly Shop in Colorado.

<http://www.bluequillangler.com/Pat-Dorseys-Corner> Dorsey has written

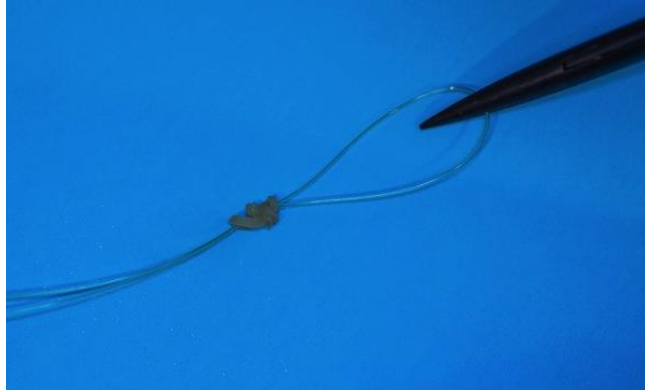
several excellent books on tail water fly fishing and fly tying and is a real innovator when it comes to techniques and methods for catching wary trout. Dorsey's system utilizes three components. Synthetic yarn, small rubber bands (the kind dentists attach to kid's braces), and a Velcro yarn teaser. You can buy the yarn and rubber bands from Dorsey's website and make a simple teaser from a pop sickle stick and a piece of Velcro.



Rigging the system takes only a few minutes. I use this indicator system in low water situations and on spring creeks when I'm fishing to wary trout. It has the

advantage of landing softly, doesn't seem to spook fish and doesn't put those annoying kinks in your leader. It's also super sensitive and floats well as long as you don't overload it with several heavy flies. Aside from not kinking the leader its other significant advantage is how easily and quickly you can adjust the indicator position on the leader. As I have emphasized before, continually adjusting the indicator to match changing water depth is key to having your fly(s) at the trout's feeding depth.

To prepare the indicator first make FOUR wraps with the rubber band around closed tip of your hemostat. Then make an open loop with the butt end of a tapered leader. Now slightly open the jaws of the hemostat and slide the leader loop into the jaws. Apply pressure to the hemostat and slide the rubber band along the hemostat and on to the leader loop.



Next, insert a two inch length of synthetic yarn into the loop and slide the rubber band up against the yarn. At this point I usually pull on both ends of the leader to seat the indicator and rubber band connection. Now, pinch the leader/rubber band connection and vigorously brush out the yarn with your Velcro brush. Trim the top to your desired height and brush in a SMALL amount of floatant.



Slide the indicator to the appropriate position and start fishing! The indicator slides easily along the leader but stays where you put it while casting. If it begins sinking later in the day simply shake it dry and brush in some more floatant.....



Rod Storage for Your Raft

I have a number of bad habits but chief among them is the fact that I am a GEAR JUNKIE. I love fly rods and can't resist buying the latest and greatest creation as soon as it's announced. I am constantly rotating my old rods on to eBay in order to raise cash for the latest high modulus wonder rod. On a typical float I may bring three rods and my fishing partner (even more seriously addicted than me) will show up with two or three. If we have invited a third angler then our rod inventory begins approaching that of a small fly shop.

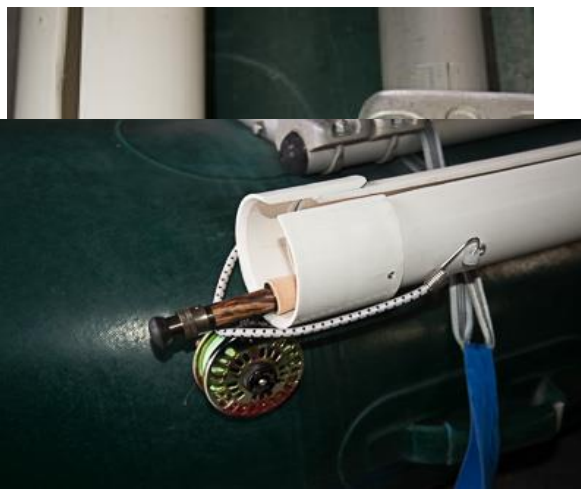
Assuming you can only fish with one rod at a time then what to do with the rest? Early on in my fishing career I laid spare rods along the raft tubes and spent a good deal of the day cautioning my boat mates "Don't step on the rods" Of course, they eventually did and the victim was never their rod. We experimented with breaking the rods in two pieces and storing them in a rod tube lashed to the raft frame. Great protection but inconvenient and frequently tangled leaders. Finally, while installing a storm water drain in my backyard and cutting a 10 foot length of PVC pipe it occurred to me that I was holding the perfect rod storage device. The drainage system could wait. I spent the remainder of the day fabricating what was to become the first version of my rod storage solution. That was 30 years ago and after a number of modifications I'm still using the same rod storage system on my raft.

The materials for the rod storage tube can be obtained at the local hardware store. You will need a length of 4 inch (OD) schedule 40 white PVC pipe, a 4inch PVC coupling, a small can of PVC glue, two plastic electrical conduit straps. A length of shock cord and a hook for the end of the shock cord. You will also need pop rivets or screws.

The finished rod carrier is attached to the raft frame with NRS straps (I cut two old straps to size). See photos below.

Glue the PVC coupling to one end to the pipe and allow it to dry. Then use a long straight edge to scribe a $\frac{3}{4}$ inch slot from the union end about three quarters of the way up the pipe. Secure the pipe (I duct tape it to a ladder laid across two sawhorses) and then carefully cut the $\frac{3}{4}$ inch slot along the scribe lines with a jigsaw. Once you are satisfied with the cut sand the edges smooth and test the width to be sure the stripping guide on your largest rod will fit.

Now on the side of the pipe (see photo) cut rectangular



holes and thread the NRS straps. Next install the bungee cord.(see photo) Finally attach a length of bungee cord around each strap and anchor it under tension to a nearby d-ring. This will prevent the tube from bouncing up and down during transport. Cut the tube to the length of your longest rod and leave the end open.

If you decide to build one and have questions call me at 206 605 0404 -
Denny Westover

Announcing... ***A Fly Fishing Clinic***

sponsored by The Fly Fishers of the Bitterroot (FFB)
and the Bitterroot Chapter of Trout Unlimited (BRTU)

4 Wednesdays in May , 2014 (5/7, 14, 21 & 28)

Corvallis Middle School, 6 – 8:30 PM



- Designed for beginning and intermediate adult anglers
- Comprehensive curriculum covering all aspects of fly fishing
- Great value at \$50 per person
- Enrollment includes membership in either BRTU or FFB
- Already a member? ...then your tuition is only \$35

Special Feature!

Casting instruction is provided by Chuck Stranahan and his expert staff.
Chuck is a Federation of Fly Fishers Certified Casting Instructor

Sign up deadline - April 25!!

Limited enrollment so sign up early!

You may enroll at Freestone Fly Shops in Hamilton or Darby or
Chuck Stranahans Flies and Guides in Hamilton.

You may also mail in your enrollment form plus a check payable to FFB
FFB
PO Box 692
Victor MT 59875

Questions? Call Greg Chester at 406-363-0033 or Jim Cline 406-363-2516

Cut here

Fly Fishing Clinic

Tuition: \$50 (\$35 if a member of BRTU or FFB) Make checks payable to FFB.
If mailing send to FFB, PO Box 692 , Victor MT 59875

Name _____

Telephone _____

Email _____

MEMBERS ADS -- FOR SALE

Tools for sale

Greg Chester 363-0033

10% of proceeds sold at listed prices go to FFB
coffers

All tools well cared for and never
abused.

All power tools with original operation
manuals

* All tools function well - condition addresses appearance (nicks, scratches,
stains, etc.)

Retail	Asking	Item	Origin	Condition*	Model #	Approx. Vintage	Description
\$175.00	\$100.00	Plunge router	USA	Very good	6902	1995	Porter Cable 1 1/2 HP Plunge router, 1/4" & 1/2" collets
\$55.00	\$30.00	3/8 drill, corded	USA	Near new	DW108	2000	HD DeWalt 3/8 corded drill with keyless chuck
\$129.00	\$60.00	Router/mortiser	USA	Good	DW610	1998	Dewalt 1 1/2 HP router mounter in a wooden horizontal mortising table
\$200.00	\$75.00	HD drill, corded	USA	Fair	635	1970	Rockwell D-Handle 1/2 chuck very heavy duty drill, corded
\$90.00	\$50.00	Drywall drill	USA	Near new	DW250	2000	DeWalt drywall depth-sensing drill, corded, with various noses and metal case. Never used

							since factory recondition ing
\$147. 00	\$55.0 0	Angle drill, corded	USA	Very good	0375- 1	2000	Milwaukee HD 3/8 close quarter drill, corded
\$119. 00	\$50.0 0	Stapler, pneumatic	Taiw an	New	SLS15	2006	Senco 18 gauge pneumatic stapler
	\$550. 00	Table Saw	USA	Very good	34- 444	1975	Rockwell Delta contractors table saw with Excaliber 52" premium rip fence(Cana da), Biesmeyer retractable splitter, Delta Uniguard, mobile base. Includes all original fence component s.
\$375. 00	\$125. 00	Shaper	Taiw an	Good	G051 0	1998	Grizzly 3/4 HP 1/2"shaper with stand, mobile base and various cutters
\$319. 00	\$125. 00	Oscillating spindle sander	Taiw an	Near new	SA350 K	2011	Delta bench top oscillating spindle

							sander with various drums and abrasive sleeves
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Our own Jay Melzer scores a very respectable Permit on a recent trip to Mexico. Congratulations Jay!!!

Next month
The final indicator set up in our series -
“No Stretch indicator leaders for chironomid fishing”
and
“the Bobber Stopper”